REPAIR GUIDELINE

Blower_LB5300E



Version: 2

Issue Date: 2018/04/04

Table of Contents

NO.	Contents	Page
1	Troubleshooting	3
2	Tool list	4
3	How to disassemble the blower	5-18
4	How to replace the PCBA	19-32
5	How to replace the Motor & Ducted Assembly	33-38
6	How to assemble the blower	39-40

Troubleshooting

Problem	Possible Cause	Fault Position	Test & Solution
	PCBA is damaged.	PCBA in Handle	Replace PCBA in the handle.
Fail to start	Motor is damaged.	Motor in Ducted Assembly	Measure the resistance between any two of the three cables in the motor and ducted assembly by using a multimeter. If the resistance is infinite, replace the motor and duct assembly.
Press the boost button/air velocity adjusting knob when the blower runs, the air velocity and the volume doesn't change.	PCBA is broken	PCBA in Handle	Replace PCBA in the handle.
The air velocity and the volume are decreased compared with normal use.	The fan in the duct is over-worn	Fan in Ducted assembly	Open the handle housing, take off the fan baffle and check the fan. If the fan is over-worn, replace the motor and duct assembly.

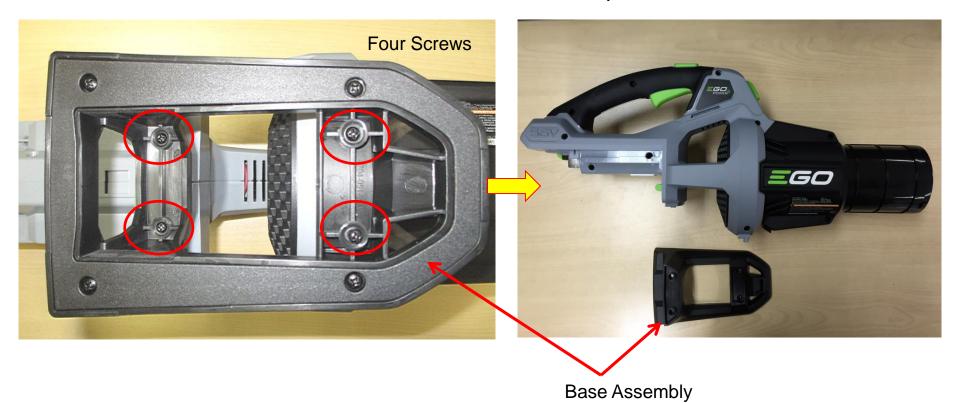
Tool List For Repair

NO.	Tool List	SPEC	Remark
1	Magnetic bits		
2	Utility knife		To remove the label
3	Heat gun		
4	Heat -shrinkable sleeves	Ф7 mm	
5	Scissors		To remove the shrinkable sleeve
6	Multimeter		
7	Capacitor discharging fixture		

1. Remove the air velocity indication label.

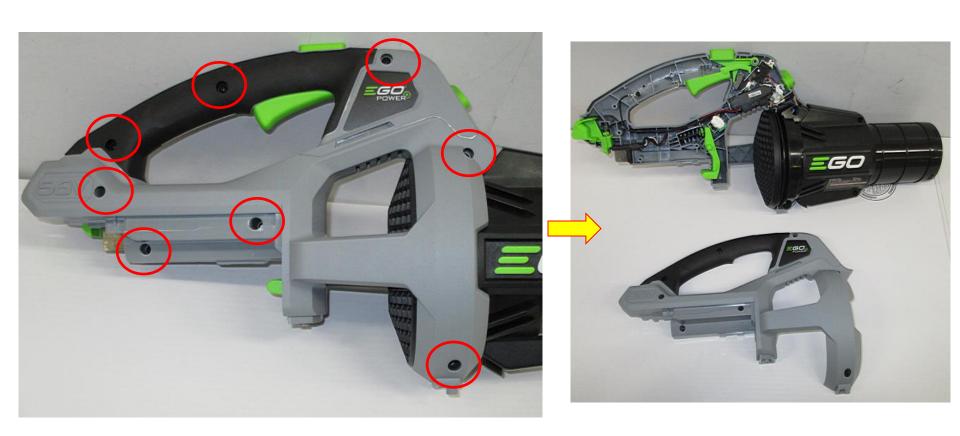


2. Remove the 4 screws to disassemble the base assembly.



Description	Part Number
Tapping Screw	5610032004
Base Assembly	2824381001

3. Remove the 8 screws and open the handle housings.



- 4. Remove the Fan Baffle.
- 5. Loosen the 2 screws in the right housing and remove the right housing.



Fan Baffle



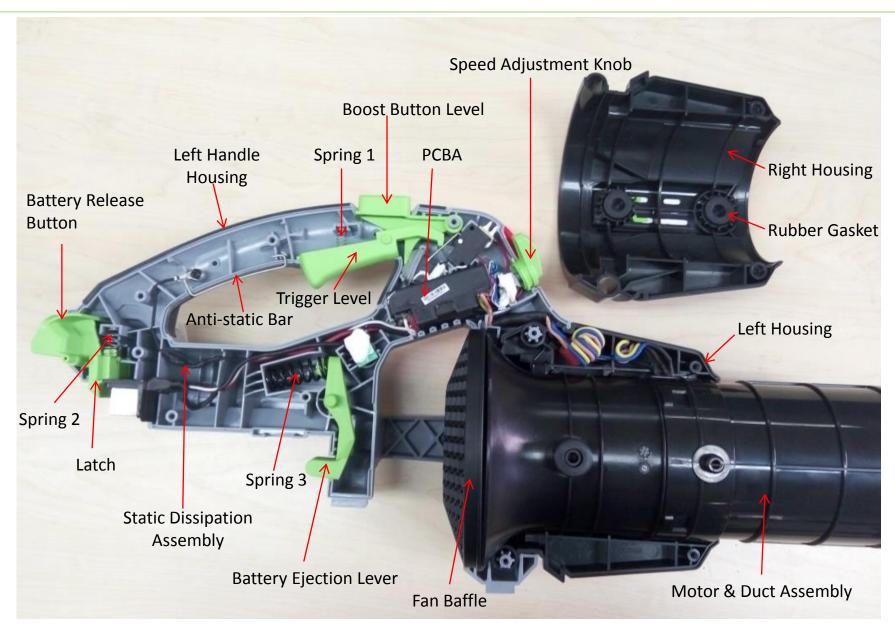
Right Housing



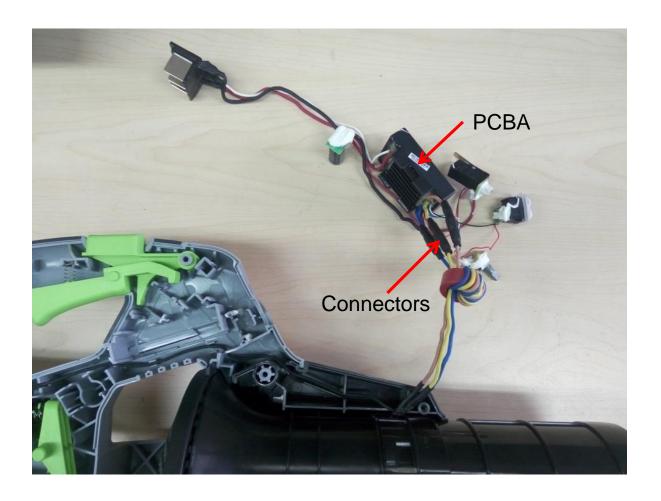
Motor & Duct Assembly

✓ The following parts can be replaced after opening the housings.

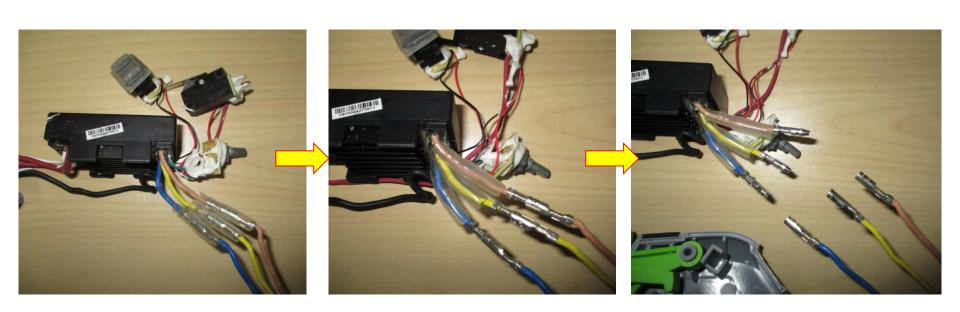
Description	Part Number	Description	Part Number
Battery Release Button	3127201001	Static Dissipation Assembly	2824406001
Latch	3127202001	Anti-static Bar	3650142001
Battery Ejection Lever	3127206001	Left Handle Housing	3321366001
Speed Adjusting Knob	3127215001	Right Handle Housing	3321365001
Boost Button Level	3128066001	Handle Housing Set	2824414001
Trigger Level	3128069001	Left Housing	3321362001
PCBA	2830105001	Right Housing	3321361001
Spring 1	3660088003	Housing Set	2824413001
Spring 2	3660013003	Motor & Duct Assembly	2824335002
Spring 3	3660129002	Fan Baffle	3128068001
		Rubber Gasket	5650519001



6. Take out the PCBA from the left handle housing.



7. Remove the heat-shrinkable sleeves, move the transparent sleeve aside and separate the three connectors.



8. Test the motor assembly to judge if it is open-circuit.

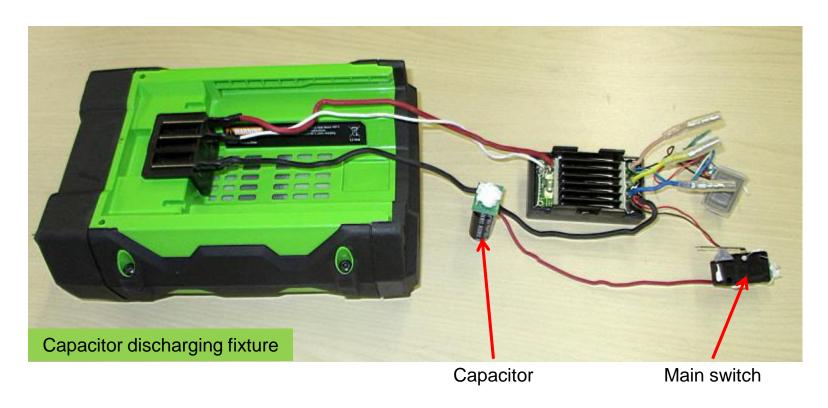


Measure the resistance between any of the two connectors

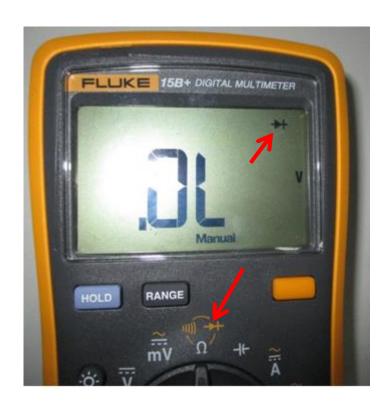
- a) Set the multimeter function to "Resistance measuring" .
- b) Measure the resistance between any of the two connectors.
- c) If any of the measurements are infinite, means the circuit between the two connectors are open circuit, the motor is damaged. Follow the procedure "How To Replace the motor and dust assembly" to replace a new one.

Otherwise go to the next testing step.

- 9. Test the PCBA to judge if it is broken.
 - 1) Discharge the capacitor which is connected in the PCBA assembly.
 - a) Connect the electrical contacts into the discharging fixture.
 - b) Press the main switch trigger and hold for about 10s to discharge the capacitor.

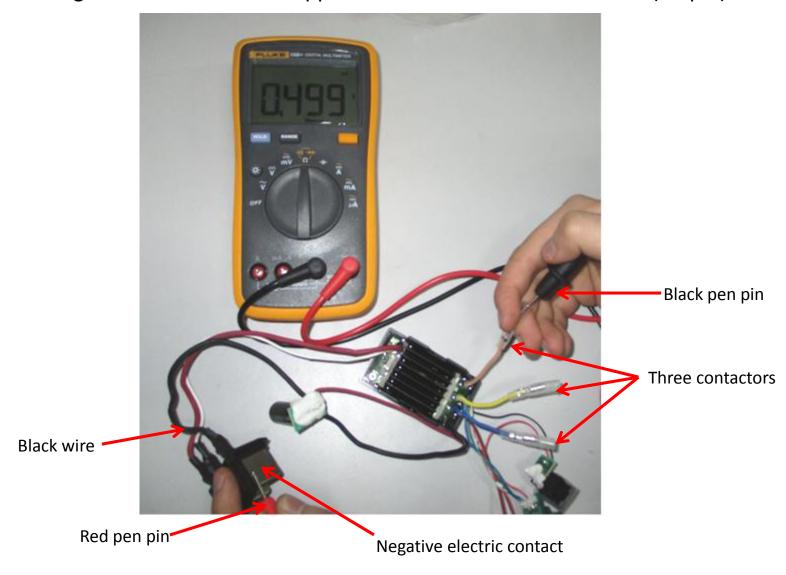


2) Measure the upper MOSFET and fuse in the PCBA (Step 1).

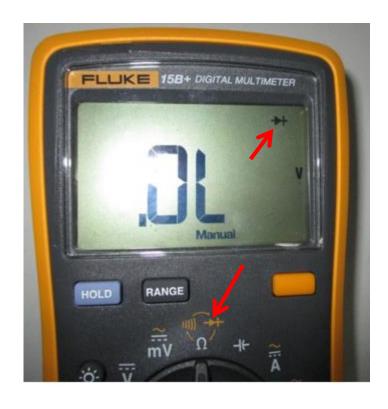


- Set the multimeter function to "Diode measuring".
- b) Contact the red pen pin to the negative electric contact (the metal plate that connects to black wire).
- c) Contact the black pen pin to the three
 connectors separately and measure the voltage.
- d) If the LCD displays 0.45~0.55V for each measurement, go to the next testing step, otherwise means the PCBA is broken. Follow the procedure "How To Replace the PCBA" to replace a new PCBA.

Figure showing how to measure the upper MOSFET and fuse in the PCBA (Step 1)

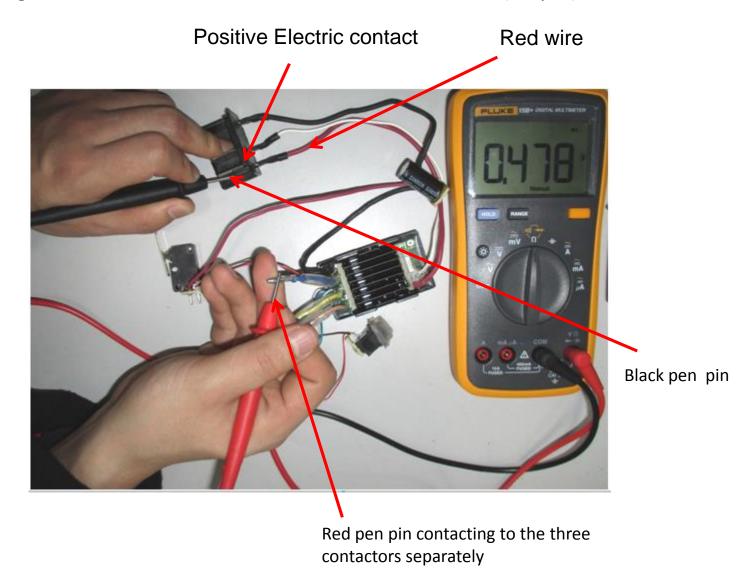


3) Measure the lower MOSFET in the PCBA (Step 2).



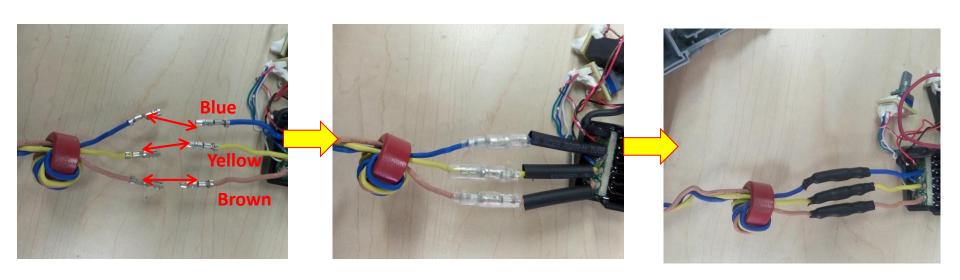
- a) Keep the multimeter function setting at "Diode measuring".
- b) Contact the black pen pin to the positive electric contact (the metal plate that connects to red wire).
- c) Contact the red pen pin to the three
 connectors separately and measure the voltage.
- d) If the LCD displays 0.45~0.55V for each measurement, the PCBA is OK, otherwise means the PCBA is broken. Follow the procedure "How To Replace the PCBA" to replace a new PCBA.

Figure showing how to measure the lower MOSFET in the PCBA (Step 2)



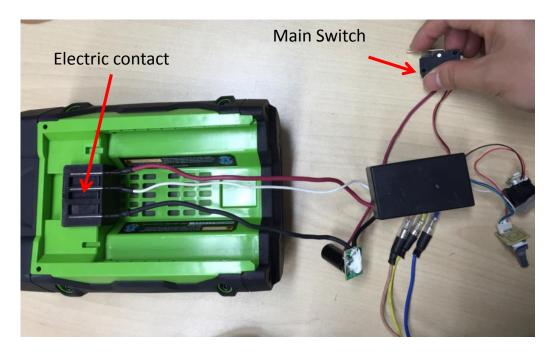
- 1. Following the instructions in <u>"How to disassemble the blower"</u> to remove the right handle housing cover and right housing, take out the defective PCBA.
- 2. Clean the glues in the housing.
- 3. Replace with a new PCBA.
- 4. Reconnect the three connectors with the new PCBA.

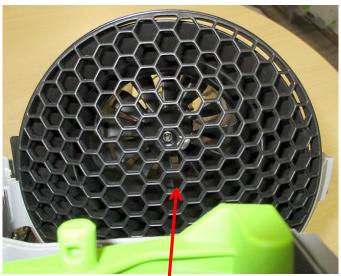
Correct Connection: Brown to brown, yellow to yellow, blue to blue



5. Test the blower.

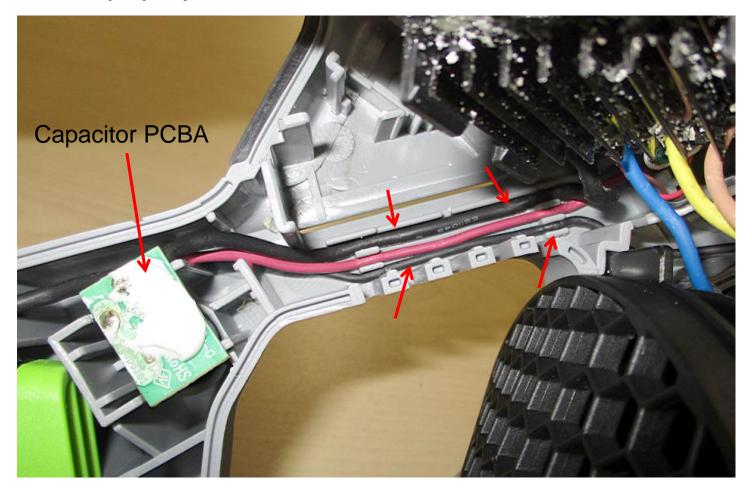
- a) Connect the electric contact to a full charged battery.
- b) Press the main switch briefly and release it.
- c) Check the motor working status through the fan baffle. If the blower fan rotates counterclockwise, means the replacement solution is correct. Otherwise recheck the connection or replace a motor and test again.



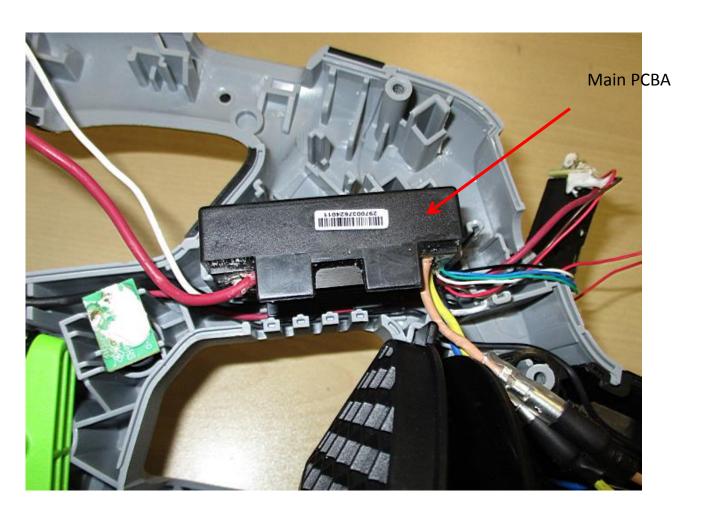


Look through the fan baffle and check the fan rotation direction

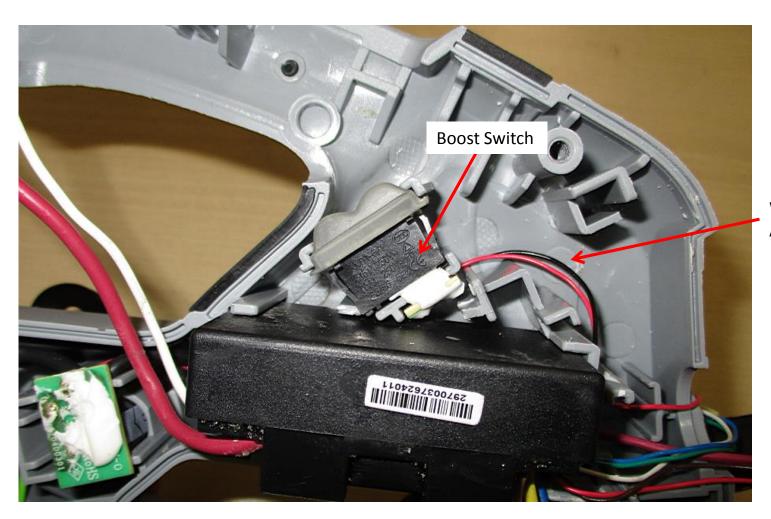
6. Insert the capacitor PCBA into the housing and align the capacitor wires into the grooves. Note: The wires should be well aligned, otherwise the housing is not able to be closed properly.



7. Mount the Main PCBA into the left handle housing.

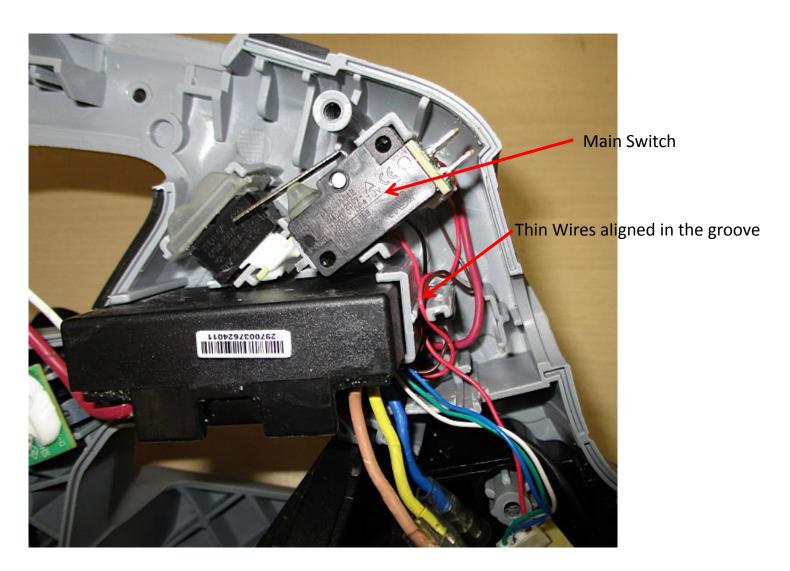


8. Mount the boost switch into the left handle housing.

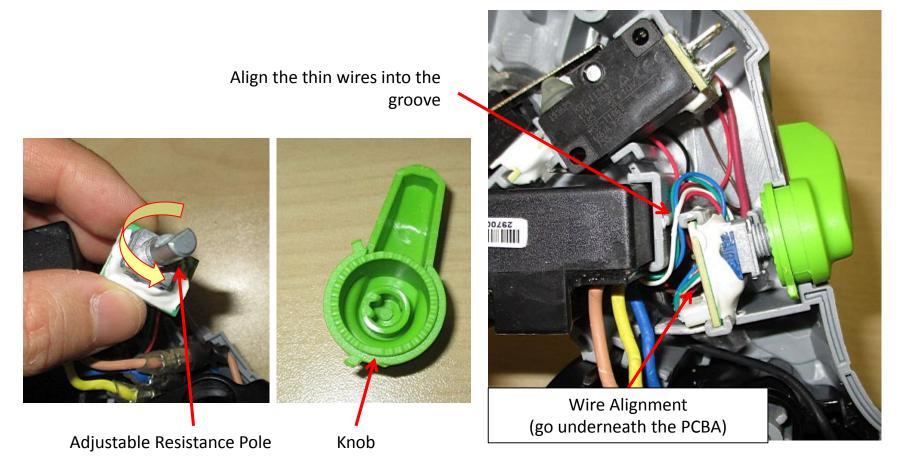


Wire Alignment

9. Mount the main switch into the left handle housing.

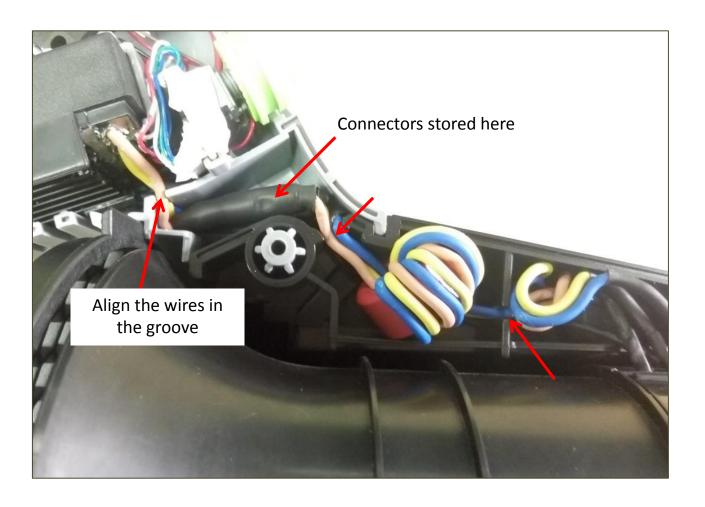


- 10. Turn the adjustable resistance pole counterclockwise as far as possible to the stop position, then mount the plastic knob onto the pole.
- 11. Fix the adjustable resistance PCBA assembly into the left handle housing.

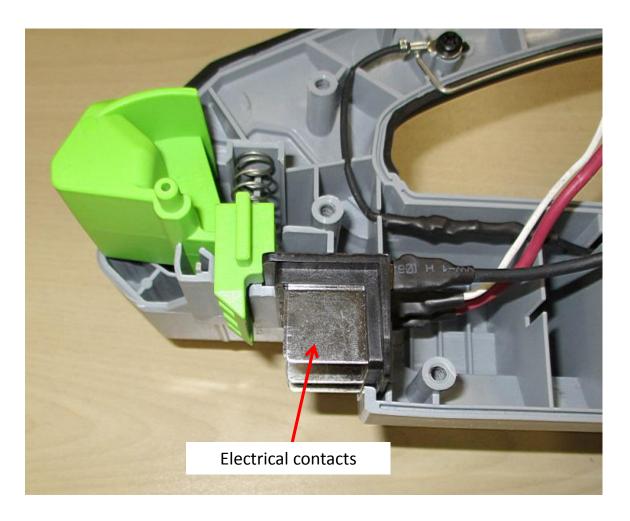


12. Align the three motor wires into the groove.

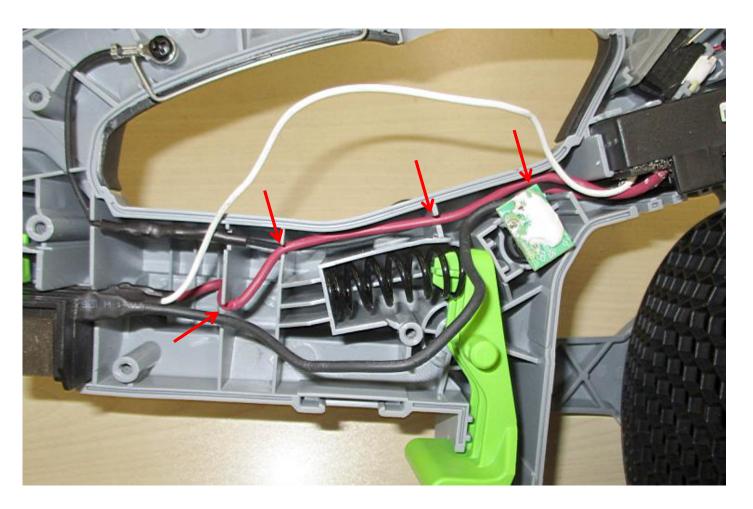
Note: if the wires are not properly aligned, the housings are not able to be closed.



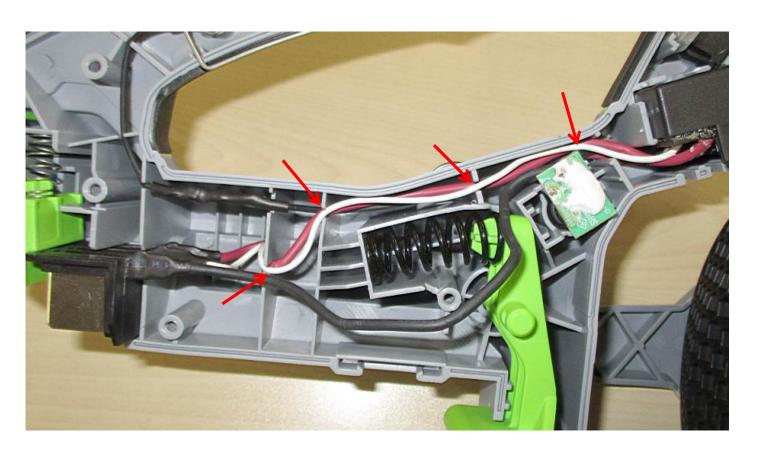
13. Fix the electrical contacts into the housing.



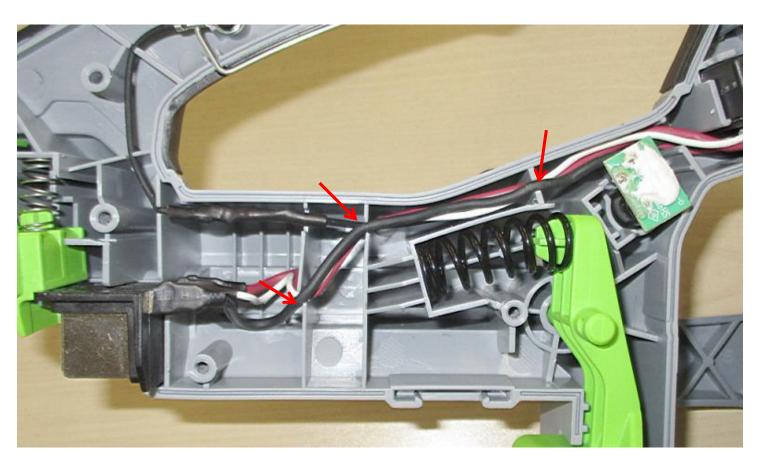
- 14. Align the wires into the grooves.
 - a) Align the red wire first.



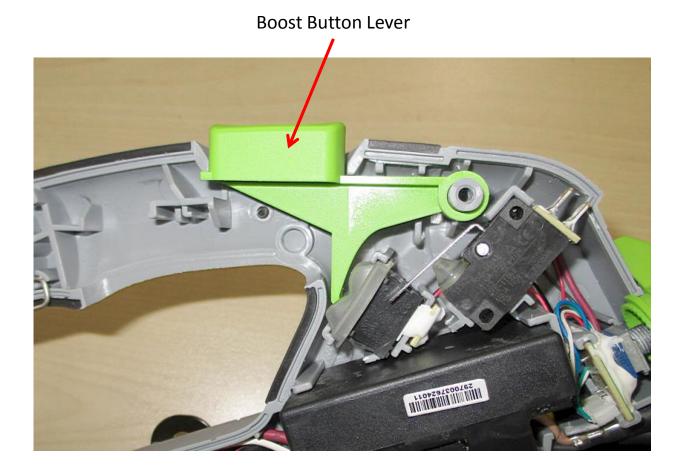
- 14. Align the wires into the grooves.
 - b) Align the white wire.



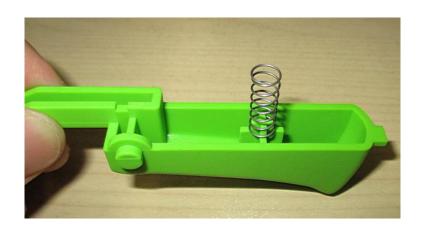
- 14. Align the wires into the grooves
 - c) Finally align the black wire.

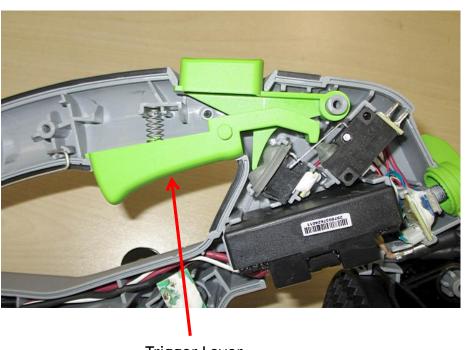


15. Fix the boost button lever into the left handle housing.



16. Fix the spring onto the trigger rib and mount the trigger lever into the left handle housing.





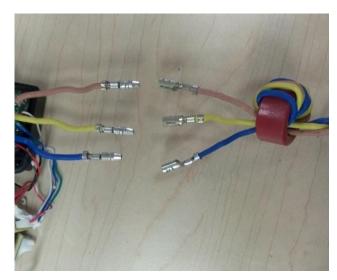
Trigger Lever

1. Following the instructions in <u>"How to disassemble the blower"</u> to remove the right handle housing cover and right housing, take out the Motor and duct assembly.

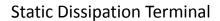


Motor & Duct Assembly

- 2. Disconnect the three motor wire connectors.
- 3. Pull out the static dissipation terminal from the duct assembly.
- 4. Replace with a new motor & duct assembly.









Motor & Duct Assembly

- 5. Reconnect the three motor connectors to the new motor and duct assembly.
- Inert the static dissipation terminal into the connection hole of the new motor and dust assembly.

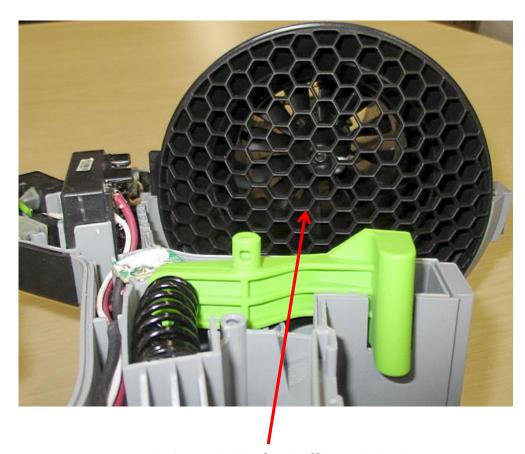
Correct Connection: Brown to brown, yellow to yellow, blue to blue





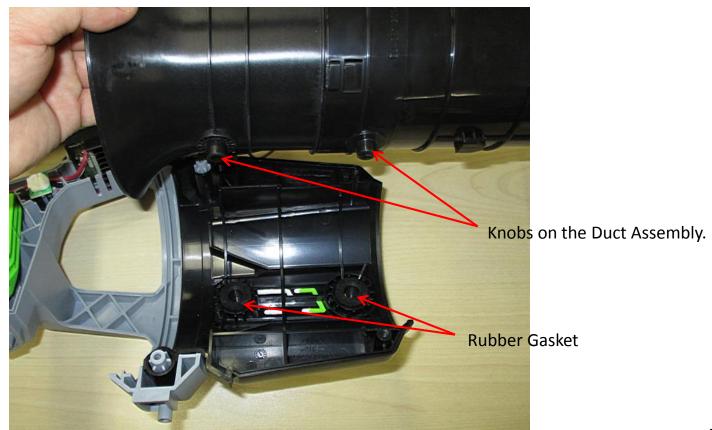
7. Test the blower.

- a) Connect the electric contact to a battery
- b) Press the main switch briefly and release it.
- c) Check the motor working status
 through the fan baffle . If the
 blower fan rotates
 counterclockwise, means the
 replacement solution is correct.
 Otherwise recheck the connection
 or replace a PCBA and test again.

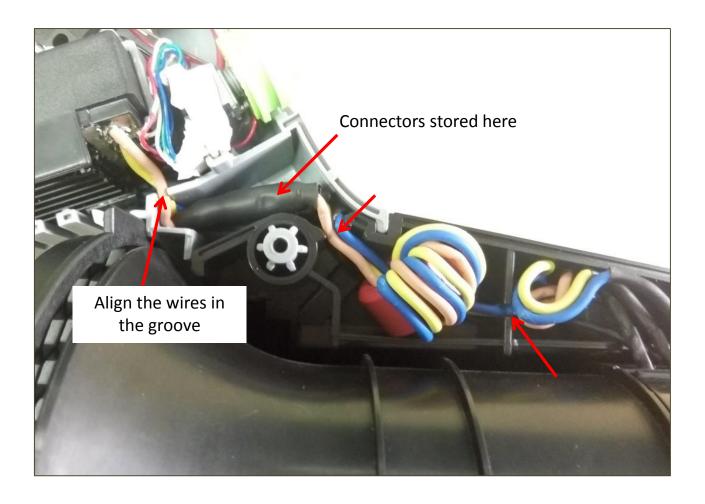


Look through the fan baffle and check the fan rotation direction

- 8. Check to make sure the two rubber gaskets are located into the left housing. If they fell out, refix them in place.
- 9. Align the knobs on the duct assembly with the rubber gasket holes in the left housing and mount the motor and duct assembly in the housing.



10. Align the wires into the grooves.



How to Assemble the Blower

- 1. Check to make sure the two rubber gaskets are located into the right housing, if they fell out, refix them in place.
- 2. Align the right housing with left housing and close them, lock them with 2 screws.

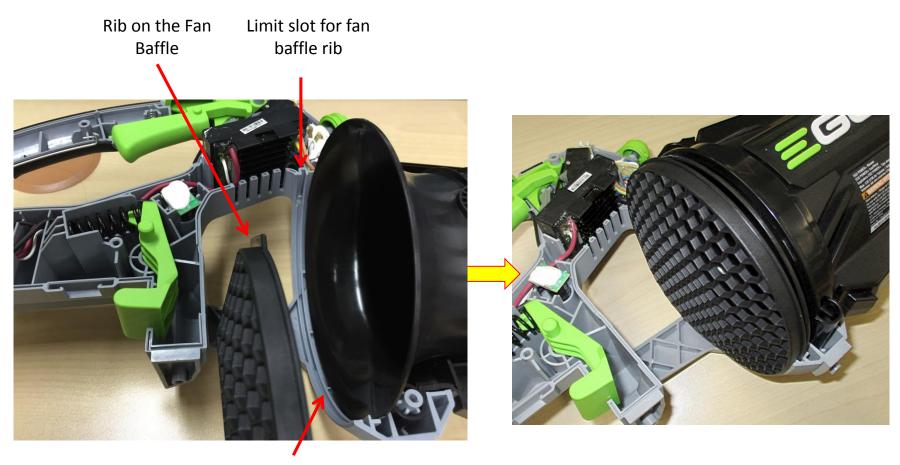






How to Assemble the Blower

3. Align the rib on the fan baffle with the limit slot in left housing, mount the fan baffle into the outside groove in the left housing.



Outside groove for Fan Baffle

How to Assemble the Blower

- 4. Check to make sure all the components are fixed in position, and wires are well aligned, close the right handle housing and lock the housing with 8 screws.
- 5. Install a battery to the blower and test the blower.